Planck's constant (h), speed of light in vacuum (c) and Newton's gravitational constant (G) 1. are three fundamental constants. Which of the following combinations of these has the dimension of length?

$$(1)\sqrt{\frac{hG}{c^{3/2}}}$$

(2) 
$$\sqrt{\frac{hG}{c^{5/2}}}$$

(3) 
$$\sqrt{\frac{hc}{G}}$$

$$(2) \sqrt{\frac{hG}{c^{5/2}}}$$

$$(4) \sqrt{\frac{Gc}{h^{3/2}}}$$

Ans: (1)

Two cars P and Q start from a point at the same time in a straight line and their positions 2. are represented by  $x_p(t) = at + bt^2$  and  $x_Q(t) = ft - t^2$ . At what time do the cars have the same velocity?

$$(1) \ \frac{a-f}{l+b}$$

$$(2) \ \frac{a+f}{2(b-1)}$$

$$(3) \ \frac{a+f}{2(l+b)}$$

$$(4)\frac{f-a}{2(l+b)}$$

Ans: (4)

In the given figure,  $a = 15 \text{ m/s}^2$  represents the total acceleration of a particle moving in the 3. clockwise direction in a circle of radius R = 2.5 m at a given instant of time. The speed of the particle is





(1) 4.5 m/s

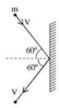
(2) 5.0 m/s

 $(3) 5.7 \,\mathrm{m/s}$ 

(4) 6.2 m/s

Ans: (3)

A rigid ball of mass m strikes a rigid wall at 60° and gets reflected without loss of speed as 4. shown in the figure below. The value of impulse imparted by the wall on the ball will be



(1) mV

(2) 2 mV

 $(3)\frac{mV}{2}$ 

 $(4)\frac{mV}{3}$ 

Ans: (1)

5. A bullet of mass 10 g moving horizontally with a velocity of 400 m s<sup>-1</sup> strikes a wood block of mass 2 kg which is suspended by light inextensible string of length 5 m. As result, the centre of gravity of the block found to rise a vertical distance of 10 cm. The speed of the bullet after it emerges or horizontally from the block will be

(1) 100 m s<sup>-1</sup>

(2) 80 m s<sup>-1</sup>

(3) 120 m s<sup>-1</sup>

(4) 160 m s<sup>-1</sup>

Ans: (3)

**6.** Two identical balls A and B having velocities of 0.5 m/s and - 0.3 m/s respectively collide elastically in one dimension. The velocities of B and A after the collision respectively will be

(1) - 0.5 m/s and 0.3 m/s

(2) o.5 m/s and -o.3 m/s

(3) - 0.3 m/s and 0.5 m/s

(4) 0.3 m/s and 0.5 m/s

Ans: (2)

7. A particle moves from a point  $(-2\hat{\imath} + 5\hat{\jmath})$  to  $(4\hat{\jmath} + 3\hat{k})$  when a force of  $(4\hat{\imath} + 3\hat{\jmath})$  N is applied. How much work has been done by the force?

(1) 8 J

(2) 11 J

(3) 5 J

(4) 2 J

Answer (3)

8. Two rotating bodies A and B of masses m and 2m with moments of inertia  $I_A$  and  $I_B$  ( $I_B > I_A$ ) have equal kinetic energy of rotation. If  $L_A$  and  $L_B$  be their angular momenta respectively, then

 $(1) L_A = \frac{L_B}{2}$ 

 $(2) L_A = 2 L_B$ 

 $(3) L_B > L_A$ 

 $(4) L_A > L_B$ 

Ans: (3)

**9.** A solid sphere of mass m and radius R is rotating about its diameter. A solid cylinder of the same mass and same radius is also rotating about its geometrical axis with an angular speed twice that of the sphere. The ratio of their kinetic energies of rotation ( $E_{\rm sphere}$  /  $E_{\rm cylinder}$ ) will be

(1)2:3

(2)1:5

(3)1:4

(4) 3:1



**10.** A light rod of length l has two masses  $m_1$  and  $m_2$  attached to its two ends. The moment of inertia of the system about an axis perpendicular to the rod and passing through the centre of mass is

$$(1)\frac{m_1m_2}{m_1+m_2}\,l^2$$

$$(2)\frac{m_1+m_2}{m_1m_2}\,l^2$$

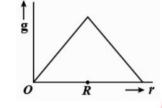
$$(3) (m_1 + m_2) l^2$$

$$(4) \sqrt{m_1 m_2} l^2$$

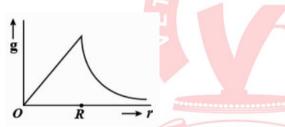
Ans: (1)

11. Starting from the centre of the earth having radius R, the variation of g (acceleration due to gravity) is shown by



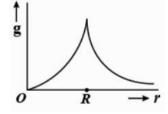


(2)

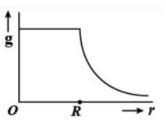


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(3)



(4)



12. A satellite of mass m is orbiting the earth (of radius R) at a height h from its surface. The total energy of the satellite in terms of  $g_0$ , the value of acceleration due to gravity at the earth's surface, is

$$(1)\frac{mg_0R^2}{2(R+h)}$$

(2) 
$$-\frac{mg_0R^2}{2(R+h)}$$

$$(3)\frac{2mg_0R}{R+h}$$

$$(4) - \frac{2mg_0R^2}{R+h}$$

Ans: (2)

13. A rectangular film of liquid is extened from (4 cm  $\times$  2 cm) to (5 cm  $\times$  4 cm). If the work done is  $3 \times 10^{-4}$  J, the value of the surface tension of the liquid is

Ans: (2)

14. Three liquids of densities  $\rho_1$ ,  $\rho_2$  and  $\rho_3$  (with  $\rho_1 > \rho_2 > \rho_3$ ), having the same value of surface tension T, rise to the same height in three identical capillaries. The angles of contact  $\theta_1$ ,  $\theta_2$  and  $\theta_3$  obey

(1) 
$$\frac{\pi}{2} > \theta_1 > \theta_2 > \theta_3 \ge 0$$

(2) 
$$0 \le \theta_1 < \theta_2 < \theta_3 < \frac{\pi}{2}$$

(3) 
$$\frac{\pi}{2} < \theta_1 < \theta_2 < \theta_3 < \pi$$

(4) 
$$\pi > \theta_1 > \theta_2 > \theta_3 > \frac{\pi}{2}$$

Ans: (2)

15. Two identical bodies are made of a material for which the heat capacity increases with temperature. One of these is at 100°C, while the other one is at 0°C. If the two bodies are brought into contact, then, assuming no heat loss, the final common temperature is

Ans: (2)

**16.** A body cools from a temperature 3T to 2T in 10 minutes. The room temperature is T. Assume that Newton's law of cooling is applicable. The temperature of the body at the end of next 10 minutes will be

(1) 
$$\frac{7}{4}T$$

$$(2)\frac{3}{2}T$$

$$(3)\frac{4}{3}T$$

- 17. One mole of an ideal monatomic gas undergoes a process described by the equation  $PV^3$  = constant. The heat capacity of the gas during this process is
  - (1)  $\frac{3}{2}R$

 $(2)^{\frac{5}{2}}R$ 

(3) 2 R

(4) R

Ans: (4)

- **18.** The temperature inside a refrigerator is  $t_2$ °C and the room temperature is  $t_1$ °C. The amount of heat delivered to the room for each joule of electrical energy consumed ideally will be
  - (1)  $\frac{t_1}{t_1-t_2}$

 $(2)\frac{t_1 + 273}{t_1 - t_2}$ 

 $(3)\frac{t_2+273}{t_1-t_2}$ 

 $(4)\frac{t_1+t_2}{t_1+273}$ 

Ans: (2)

19. A given sample of an ideal gas occupies a volume V at a pressure P and absolute temperature T. The mass of each molecule of the gas is m. Which of the following gives the density of the gas?

(1) P/(kT)

(2) Pm/(kT)

(3) P/(kTV)

(4) mkT

Ans: (2)

- **20.** A body of mass *m* is attached to the lower end of a spring whose upper end is fixed. The spring has negligible mass. When the mass *m* is slightly pulled down and released, it oscillates with a time period of 3 s. When the mass *m* is increased by 1 kg, the time period of oscillations becomes 5 s. The value of *m* in kg is
  - (1)  $\frac{3}{4}$

(2)  $\frac{4}{3}$ 

(3)  $\frac{16}{9}$ 

 $(4) \frac{9}{16}$ 

Ans: (4)

**21.** The second overtone of an open organ pipe has the same frequency as the first overtone of a closed pipe L metre long. The length of the open pipe will be

(1) L

(2) 2L

 $(3)^{\frac{L}{2}}$ 

(4) 4L

- **22.** Three sound waves of equal amplitudes have frequencies (n-1), n, (n+1). They superimpose to give beats. The number of beats produced per second will be
  - (1)1

(2)4

(3)3

(4)2

Ans: (4)

- 23. An electric dipole is placed at an angle of  $30^{\circ}$  with an electric field intensity  $2 \times 10^{5}$  N/C. It experiences a torque equal to 4 N m. The charge on the dipole, if the dipole length is 2 cm, is:
  - (1) 8 mC

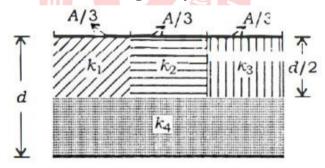
(2) 2 mC

(3) 5 mC

(4)  $7 \mu C$ 

Ans: (2)

**24.** A parallel-plate capacitor of area *A*, plate separation *d* and capacitance *C* is filled with four dielectric materials having dielectric constants *k*1, *k*2, *k*3 and *k*4 as shown in the figure below. If a single dielectric material is to be used to have the same capacitance *C* in this capacitor, then its dielectric constant *k* is given by



$$(1) k = k_1 + k_2 + k_3 + 3k_4$$

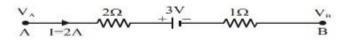
(2) 
$$k = \frac{2}{3}(k_1 + k_2 + k_3) + 2k_4$$

$$(3)\frac{2}{k} = \frac{3}{k_1 + k_2 + k_3} + \frac{1}{k_4}$$

$$(4)\frac{1}{k} = \frac{1}{k_1} + \frac{1}{k_2} + \frac{1}{k_3} + \frac{3}{2k_4}$$

Ans: (3)

**25.** The potential difference  $(V_A - V_B)$  between the points A and B in the given figure is



$$(1) - 3 V$$

$$(2) + 3 V$$

$$(3) + 6 V$$

$$(4) + 9 V$$

Ans: (4)

**26.** A filament bulb (500 W, 100 V) is to be used in a 230 V main supply. When a resistance *R* is connected in series, it works perfectly and the bulb consumes 500 W. The value of *R* is

(1) 230  $\Omega$ 

 $(2)46\Omega$ 

(3) 26  $\Omega$ 

(4)  $13 \Omega$ 

Ans: (3)

**27.** A long wire carrying a steady current is bent into a circular loop of one turn. The magnetic field at the centre of the loop is *B*. It is then bent into a circular coil of *n* turns. The magnetic field at the centre of this coil of *n* turns will be

(1) nB

(2)  $n^2B$ 

(3) 2nB

 $(4) 2n^2B$ 

Ans: (2)

**28.** A bar magnet is hung by a thin cotton thread in a uniform horizontal magnetic field and is in equilibrium state. The energy required to rotate it by 60° is *W*. Now the torque required to keep the magnet in this new position is

(1)  $\frac{W}{\sqrt{3}}$ 

(2)  $\sqrt{3}W$ 

(3)  $\frac{\sqrt{3}W}{2}$ 

(4)  $\frac{2W}{\sqrt{3}}$ 

Ans: (2)

**29.** An electron is moving in a circular path under the influence of a transverse magnetic field of  $3.57 \times 10^{-2}$  T. If the value of e/m is  $1.76 \times 10^{11}$  C/kg, the frequency of revolution of the electron is

(1) 1 GHz

(2) 100 MHz

(3) 62.8 MHz

(4) 6.28 MHz

Ans: (1)

**30.** Which of the following combinations should be selected for better tuning of an *L-C-R* circuit used for communication?

(1) 
$$R = 20 \Omega, L = 1.5 H, C = 35 \mu F$$

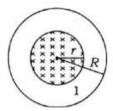
(2) 
$$R=25\,\Omega, L=2.5\,\mathrm{H}, C=45\,\mu\mathrm{F}$$

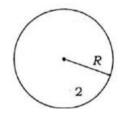
(3) 
$$R = 15 \Omega, L = 3.5 \text{ H}, C = 30 \mu\text{F}$$

(4) 
$$R = 25 \Omega, L = 1.5 H, C = 45 \mu F$$



**31.** A uniform magnetic field is restricted within a region of radius r. The magnetic field changes with time at a rate  $\frac{\overrightarrow{dB}}{dt}$ . Loop 1 of radius R > r encloses the region r and loop 2 of radius R is outside the region of magnetic field as shown in the figure below. Then the e.m.f. generated is:





- (1) zero in loop 1 and zero in loop 2
- (2)  $-\frac{d\vec{B}}{dt}\pi r^2$  in loop 1 and  $-\frac{d\vec{B}}{dt}\pi r^2$  in loop 2
- (3)  $-\frac{d\vec{B}}{dt}\pi R^2$  in loop 1 and zero in loop 2
- (4)  $-\frac{d\vec{B}}{dt}\pi r^2$  in loop 1 and zero in loop 2

Ans: (4)

- **32.** The potential differences across the resistance, capacitance and inductance are 80 V, 40 V and 100 V respectively in an *L-C-R* circuit. The power factor of this circuit is
  - (1) 0.4

(2) 0.5

(3) 0.8

(4) 1.0

Ans: (3)

- Since 2011
- 33. A 100  $\Omega$  resistance and a capacitor of 100  $\Omega$  reactance are connected in series across a 220 V source. When the capacitor is 50% charged, the peak value of the displacement current is
  - (1) 2.2 A

(2) 11 A

(3) 4.4 A

(4)  $11\sqrt{2}$  A

Ans: (1)

- **34.** Two identical glass ( $\mu_g = 3/2$ ) equiconvex lenses of focal length f each are kept in contact. The space between the two lenses is filled with water ( $\mu_W = 4/3$ ). The focal length of the combination is
  - (1) f/3

(2) f

(3) 4 f/3

(4) 3 f/4

Ans: (4)

**35.** An air bubble in a glass slab with refractive index 1.5 (near normal incidence) is 5 cm deep when viewed from one surface and 3 cm deep when viewed from the opposite face. The thickness (in cm) of the slab is

(1)8

(2)10

(3)12

(4) 16

Ans: (3)

**36.** The interference pattern is obtained with two coherent light sources of intensity ratio n. In the interference pattern, the ratio  $\frac{I_{\text{max}} - I_{\text{min}}}{I_{\text{max}} + I_{\text{min}}}$  will be

 $(1)\frac{\sqrt{n}}{n+1}$ 

 $(2)\frac{2\sqrt{n}}{n+1}$ 

$$(3)\frac{\sqrt{n}}{(n+1)^2}$$

=  $(4)\frac{2\sqrt{n}}{(n+1)^2}$ 

Ans: (2)

37. A person can see clearly objects only when they lie between 50 cm and 400 cm from his eyes. In order to increase the maximum distance of distinct vision to infinity, the type and power of the correcting lens, the person has to use, will be

(1) convex, + 2.25 diopter

(2) concave, - 0.25 diopter

(3) concave, - 0.2 diopter

(4) convex, + 0.15 diopter

Ans: (2)

**38.** A linear aperture whose width is 0.02 cm is placed immediately in front of a lens of focal length 60 cm. The aperture is illuminated normally by a parallel beam of wavelength  $5 \times 10^{-5}$  cm. The distance of the first dark band of the diffraction pattern from the centre of the screen is

(1) 0.10 cm

(2) 0.25 cm

(3) 0.20 cm

(4) 0.15 cm

Ans: (4)

**39.** Electrons of mass m with de-Broglie wavelength  $\lambda$  fall on the target in an X-ray tube. The cutoff wavelength ( $\lambda_0$ ) of the emitted X-ray is

$$(1) \lambda_0 = \frac{2mc\lambda^2}{h}$$

(2) 
$$\lambda_0 = \frac{2h}{mc}$$

$$(3) \lambda_0 = \frac{2m^2c^2\lambda^2}{h^2}$$

(4) 
$$\lambda_0 = \lambda$$

Ans: (1)

- **40.** Photons with energy 5 eV are incident on a cathode *C* in a photoelectric cell. The maximum energy of emitted photoelectrons is 2 eV. When photons of energy 6 eV are incident on *C*, no photoelectrons will reach the anode *A*, if the stopping potential of *A* relative to *C* is
  - (1) + 3 V

(2) + 4 V

(3) -1 V

(4) -3 V

Ans: (4)

- **41.** If an electron in a hydrogen atom jumps from the  $3^{rd}$  orbit to the  $2^{nd}$  orbit, it emits a photon of wavelength  $\lambda$ . When it jumps from the  $4^{th}$  orbit to the  $3^{rd}$  orbit, the corresponding wavelength of the photon will be
  - $(1) \ \frac{16}{25} \lambda$

 $(2)\frac{9}{16}\lambda$ 

 $(3) \frac{20}{7} \lambda$ 

(4)  $\frac{20}{13} \lambda$ 

Ans: (3)

**42.** The half-life of a radioactive substance is 30 minutes. The time (in minutes) taken between 40% decay and 85% decay of the same radioactive substance is

(1) 15

(2)30

(3)45

(4) 60

Ans: (4)

43. For CE transistor amplifier, the audio signal voltage across the collector resistance of 2 k $\Omega$  is 4 V. If the current amplification factor of the transistor is 100 and the base resistance is 1 k $\Omega$ , then the input signal voltage is

(1) 10 mV

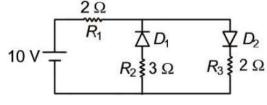
(2) 20 mV

(3) 30 mV

(4) 15 mV

Ans: (2)

**44.** The given circuit has two ideal diodes connected as shown in the figure below. The current flowing through the resistance  $R_1$  will be



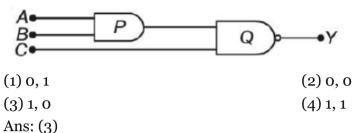
(1) 2.5 A

(2) 10.0 A

(3) 1.43 A

(4) 3.13 A

**45.** What is the output *Y* in the following circuit, when all the three inputs *A*, *B*, *C* are first o and then 1?



- **46.** Which one of the following compounds shows the presence of intramolecular hydrogen bond?
  - $(1) H_2O_2$

(2) HCN

(3) Cellulose

(4) Concentrated acetic acid

Ans: (3)

- 47. The molar conductivity of a 0.5 mol/dm<sup>3</sup> solution of AgNO<sub>3</sub> with electrolytic conductivity of  $5.76 \times 10^{-3}$  S cm<sup>-1</sup> at 298 K is
  - (1)  $2.88 \text{ S cm}^2 / \text{mol}$

(2) 11.52 S cm<sup>2</sup> / mol

(3) 0.086 S cm<sup>2</sup> / mol

(4) 28.8 S cm<sup>2</sup> / mol

Ans: (2)

- **48.** The decomposition of phosphine (PH<sub>3</sub>) on tungsten at low pressure is a first-order reaction. It is because the
  - (1) rate is proportional to the surface coverge
  - (2) rate is inversely proportional to the surface coverage
  - (3) rate is independent of the surface coverage
  - (4) rate of decomposition is very slow.

Ans: (1)

**49.** The coagulation values in millimoles per litre of the electrolytes used for the coagulation of  $As_2S_3$  are given below:

I. 
$$(NaCl) = 52$$
,

II. 
$$(BaCl_2) = 0.69$$
,

III. 
$$(MgSO_4) = 0.22$$

The correct order of their coagulating power is

(1) 
$$I > II > III$$

<b>50.</b>	During the electrolysis of	olten sodium chloride, the time required to produce 0.10 mol o
	chlorine gas using a curre	of 3 amperes is
	(1) 55 minutes	(2) 110 minutes
	(3) 220 minutes	(4) 330 minutes
	Ans: (2)	
51.	How many electrons can f	in the orbital for which $n = 3$ and $l = 1$ ?
	(1) 2	(2) 6
	(3) 10	(4) 14
	Ans: (1)	
<b>52.</b>	For a sample of perfect §	s when its pressure is changed isothermally from $p_i$ to $p_f$ , th
	entropy change is given by	NEET G
	(1) $\Delta S = nR \ln \left(\frac{p_f}{p_i}\right)$	(2) $\Delta S = nR \text{ in } \left(\frac{p_i}{p_f}\right)$ (4) $\Delta S = RT \text{ in } \left(\frac{p_i}{p_f}\right)$
	(3) $\Delta S = nRT \ln \left(\frac{p_f}{p_i}\right)$	(4) $\Delta S = RT \ln \left(\frac{p_i}{p_f}\right)$
	Ans: (2)	
53.	The van't Hoff factor (i)	or a dilute aqueous solution of the strong electrolyte barium
	hydroxide is	
	(1) 0	SUCCESS GUAR(2) 1
	(3) 2	Since (4) 3
	Ans: (4)	
54.		$(C_5H_5N)$ that forms pyridinium ion $(C_5H_5N^+H)$ in a 0.10 M $(C_5H_5N^-H_5N^-H_5)$ is
	(1) 0.0060%	(2) 0.013%
	(3) 0.77%	(4) 1.6%
	Ans: (2)	
55.	In calcium fluoride, havin	the fluorite structure, the coordination numbers for calcium io
	(Ca <sup>2+</sup> ) and fluoride ion (F-	nre
	(1) 4 and 2	(2) 6 and 6
	(3) 8 and 4	(4) 4 and 8

**56.** If the  $E_{\text{Cell}}^{\circ}$  for a given reaction has a negative value, which of the following gives the correct relationships for the values of  $\Delta G^{\circ}$  and  $K_{\text{eq}}$ ?

(1) 
$$\Delta G^{\circ} > 0$$
;  $K_{eq} < 1$ 

(2) 
$$\Delta G^{\rm o} > 0$$
;  $K_{\rm eq} > 1$ 

(3) 
$$\Delta G^{\circ}$$
 < 0;  $K_{\text{eq}}$  > 1

(4) 
$$\Delta G^{\rm o}$$
 < 0;  $K_{\rm eq}$  < 1

Ans: (1)

**57.** Which one of the following is incorrect for ideal solution?

(1) 
$$\Delta H_{\text{mix}} = 0$$

(2) 
$$\Delta U_{\text{mix}} = 0$$

(3) 
$$\Delta P = P_{\text{obs}} - P$$
 calculated by Raoult's law = 0

(4) 
$$\Delta G_{\text{mix}} = 0$$

**58.** The solubility of AgCl(s) with solubility product 1.6  $\times$  10<sup>-10</sup> in 0.1 M NaCl solution would be

(1) 
$$1.26 \times 10^{-5} M$$

(2) 
$$1.6 \times 10^{-9} M$$

$$(3) 1.6 \times 10^{-11} M$$

Ans: (2)

59. Suppose the elements X and Y combine to form two compounds  $XY_2$  and  $X_3Y_2$ . When 0.1 mole of  $XY_2$  weighs 10 g and 0.05 mole of  $X_3Y_2$  weighs 9 g, the atomic weights of X and Y are

$$(3)$$
 20, 30

Ans: (1)

**60.** The number of electrons delivered at the cathode during electrolysis by a current of 1 ampere in 60 seconds is (charge on electron =  $1.60 \times 10^{-19}$  C)

(1) 
$$6 \times 10^{23}$$

(2) 
$$6 \times 10^{20}$$

$$(3) 3.75 \times 10^{20}$$

$$(4)7.48 \times 10^{23}$$

- **61.** Boric acid is an acid because its molecule
  - (1) contains replaceable H+ ion
  - (2) gives up a proton
  - (3) accepts OH- from water releasing proton
  - (4) combines with proton from water molecule

<b>62.</b>	AlF <sub>3</sub> is soluble in HF only	in presence of KF. It is due to the	formation of					
	(1) $K_3[AlF_3H_3]$	(2) $K_3[AlF_6]$						
	$(3) AlH_3$	(4) $K[AlF_3H]$						
	Ans: (2)							
63.	Zinc can be coated on iro	on to produce galvanized iron but	the reverse is not possible. It is					
	because							
	(1) zinc is lighter than iron							
	(2) zinc has lower melting	g point than iron						
	(3) zinc has lower negative	ve electrode potential than iron						
	(4) zinc has higher negati	ive electrode potential than iorn						
	Ans: (4)	MEELG						
64.	The suspension of slaked	lime in water is known as						
	(1) lime water	(2) quicklime						
	(3) milk of lime	(4) aqueous so	lution of slaked lime					
	Ans: (3)							
65.	The hybridizations of atomic orbitals of nitrogen in NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>+</sup> , NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup> and NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup> respectively are							
	(1) $sp$ , $sp^3$ and $sp^2$	$(2) sp^2, sp^3$ and	1 sp					
	(3) $sp$ , $sp^2$ and $sp^3$	(4) $sp^2$ , $sp$ and	$sp^3$					
	Ans: (3)	Since 2011						
66.	Which of the following flu	oro-compounds is most likely to	behave as a Lewis base?					
	(1) $BF_3$ (2) $PF_3$	(3) CF <sub>4</sub>	(4) SiF <sub>4</sub>					
	Ans: (2)							
67.	Which of the following pa	irs of ions is isoelectronic and iso	structural?					
	$(1) CO_3^{2-}, NO_3^-$	(2) $ClO_3^-$ , $CO_3^{2-}$						
	$(3) SO_3^{2-}, NO_3^-$	$(4) ClO_3^-, SO_3^{2-}$						
	Ans: (4)							
68.	•	, which one of the following stater	ments is incorrect?					
	(1) It is rendered passive	by nitric acid.						
	(2) It forms Be <sub>2</sub> C.							

#### VETRI NEET GATEWAY

#### **NEET PREVIOUS YEAR QUESTION - 2016**

- (a) Its salts rarely hydrolyze.
- (4) Its hydride is electron-deficient and polymeric.

Ans: (3)

- **69.** Hot concentrated sulphuric acid is a moderately strong oxidizing agent. Which of the following reactions does not show oxidizing behaviour?
  - (1)  $Cu + 2H_2SO_4 \rightarrow CuSO_4 + SO_2 + 2H_2O$
  - (2)  $3S + 2H_2SO_4 \rightarrow 3SO_2 + 2H_2O$
  - (3)  $C + 2H_2SO_4 \rightarrow CO_2 + 2SO_2 + 2H_2O$
  - (4)  $CaF_2 + H_2SO_4 \rightarrow CaSO_4 + 2HF$

Ans: (4)

- **70.** Which of the following pairs of *d*-orbitals will have electron density along the axes?
  - (1)  $d_{z^2}$ ,  $d_{xz}$

(2)  $d_{xz}$ ,  $d_{yz}$ 

(3)  $d_{z^2}$ ,  $d_{x^2-y^2}$ 

(4)  $d_{xy}$ ,  $d_{x^2-y^2}$ 

Ans: (3)

- 71. The correct geometry and hybridization for XeF<sub>4</sub> are
  - (1) octahedral,  $sp^3 d^2$

(2) trigonal bipyramidal, sp<sup>3</sup>d

(3) planar triangle,  $sp^3 d^3$ 

(4) square planar,  $sp^3 d^2$ 

Ans: (4)

- **72.** Among the following, which one is a wrong statement?
  - (1) PH<sub>5</sub> and BiCl<sub>5</sub> do not exist.
  - (2)  $p\pi$   $d\pi$  bonds are present in SO<sub>2</sub>. Since 2011
  - (3) SeF4 and CH4 have same shape.
  - (4)  $I_3^+$  has bent geometry.

Ans: (3)

- 73. The correct increasing order of *trans*-effect of the following species is
  - (1)  $NH_3 > CN^- > Br^- > C_6H_5^-$

(2) 
$$CN^- > C_6H_5^- > Br^- > NH_3$$

(3) Br<sup>-</sup> > CN<sup>-</sup> > NH<sub>3</sub> >  $C_6H_5^-$ 

(4) 
$$CN^- > Br^- > C_6H_5^- > NH_3$$

- **74.** Which one of the following statements related to lanthanons is incorrect?
  - (1) Europium shows +2 oxidation state.
  - (2) The basicity decreases as the ionic radius decreases from  $\mbox{\rm Pr}$  to Lu.
  - (3) All the lanthanons are much more reactive than aluminium.
  - (4) Ce (+4) solutions are widely used as oxidizing agent in volumetric analysis.

- 75. Jahn-Teller effect is not observed in high spin complexes of
  - (1)  $d^{7}$

(2)  $d^8$ 

 $(3) d^{4}$ 

 $(4) d^{9}$ 

Ans: (2)

- **76.** Which of the following can be used as the halide component for Friedel Crafts reaction?
  - (1) Chlorobenzene

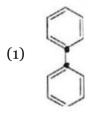
(2) Bromobenzene

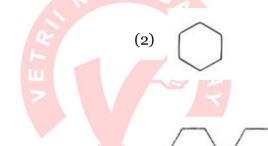
(3) Chloroethene

(4) Isopropyl chloride

Ans: (4)

77. In which of the following molecules, atoms are coplanar?





(3) 
$$CH_3$$
  $C=C$   $CH_3$ 

Ans: (1)

Since 2011

**78.** Which one of the following structures represents nylon 6, 6 polymer?

(1) 
$$\begin{pmatrix} H_2 & H_2 & H_2 \\ C & C & C \\ & & & C \\ & & & & \\ NH_2 & & CH_3 \end{pmatrix}_{66}$$

(2) 
$$\begin{pmatrix} H_{2} & H_{2} & H_{2} \\ C & C & C \\ NH_{2} & NH_{2} \end{pmatrix}_{66}$$

(4)

Ans: (4)

In pyrrole

the electron density is maximum on

(1) 2 and 3

(2) 3 and 4

(3) 2 and 4

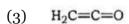
(4) 2 and 5

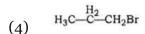
Ans: (3)

80. Which of the following compounds shall not produce propene by reaction with HBr followed by elimination or direct only elimination reaction?

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & & \text{H}_2\text{C} & & \text{CH}_2\\ & & \text{C} & & \text{H}_2 \end{array}$$

 $H_3C-C-CH_2OH$ (2)





Ans: (3)

Which one of the following nitro-compounds does not react with nitrous acid?

(a) 
$$H_3C$$
  $C$   $NO_2$ 

(b) 
$$H_3C$$
  $CH$   $C^2$   $NO_2$ 



(1

Ans: (3)

- **82.** The central dogma of molecular genetics states that the genetic information flows from
  - (1) Amino acids  $\rightarrow$  Proteins  $\rightarrow$  DNA
  - (2) DNA  $\rightarrow$  Carbohydrates  $\rightarrow$  Proteins
  - (3) DNA  $\rightarrow$  RNA  $\rightarrow$  Proteins
  - (4) DNA  $\rightarrow$  RNA  $\rightarrow$  Carbohydrates

Ans: (3)

83. The correct corresponding order of names of four aldoses with configuration given below:

respectively, is

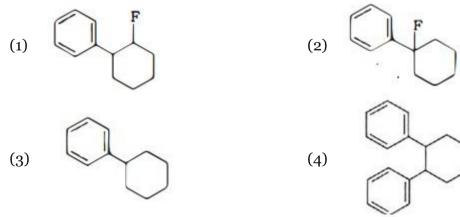
- (1) L-erythrose, L-threose, L-erythrose, D-threose
- (2) D-threose, D-erythrose, L-threose, L-erythrose
- (3) L-erythrose, L-threose, D-erythrose, D-threose
- (4) D-erythrose, D-threose, L-erythrose, L-threose

Ans: (4)

**84.** In the given reaction



the product P is





**85.** A given nitrogen-containing aromatic compound A reacts with Sn/HCl, followed by HNO<sub>2</sub> to give an unstable compound B. B, on treatment with phenol, forms a beautiful coloured compound C with the molecular formula  $C_{12}H_{10}N_2O$ . The structure of compound A is

(1) 
$$NH_2$$
 (2)  $NO_2$  (3)  $CN$  (4)  $CONH_2$  Ans: (2)

**86.** Consider the reaction

 $CH_3CH_2CH_2Br + NaCN \rightarrow CH_3CH_2CH_2CN + NaBr$ This reaction will be the fastest in

(1) ethanol

(2) methanol

84432666 | 7845227484

(3) N, N' – dimethylformamide (DMF)

(4) water

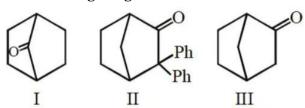
Ans: (3)

**87.** The correct structure of the product *A* formed in the reaction

is

Ans: (2)

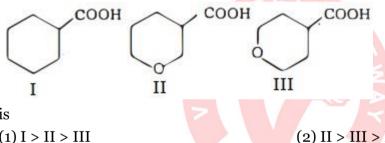
**88.** Which among the given molecules can exhibit tautomerism?



- (1) III
- (3) Both I and II
- Ans: (1)

- (2) Both I and III
- (4) Both II and III

**89.** The correct order of strengths of the carboxylic acids



- is
- (1) I > II > III
- (3) III > II > I
- Ans: (2)

- (2) II > III > I
- (4) II > I > III

**90.** The compound that will react most readily with gaseous bromine has the formula

(1)  $C_3H_6$ 

 $(2) C_2 H_2$ 

 $(3) C_4 H_{10}$ 

 $(4) C_2 H_4$ 

Ans: (1)

**91.** Which one of the following is wrong for fungi?

- (1) They are eukaryotic
- (2) All fungi possess a purely cellulosic cell wall.
- (3) They are heterotrophic
- (4) They are both unicellular and multicellular

Ans: (2)

92. Methanogens belong to

(1) Eubacteria

(2) Archaebacteria

(3) Dinoflagellates

(4) Slime moulds



Ang: (2)

**93.** Select the wrong statement.

	(1) The walls of diatoms ar	e easily destruc	tible.					
	(2) 'Diatomaceous earth' is formed by the cell walls of diatoms.							
	(3) Diatoms are chief producers in the oceans.							
	(4) Diatoms are microscop	ic and float pass	sively in water.					
	Ans: (1)							
94.	The label of a herbarium sh	eet does not car	rry information on					
	(1) date of collection		(2) name of collector					
	(3) local names		(4) height of the plant					
	Ans: (4)							
		MEE						
95.	Conifers are adapted to tole	rate extreme en	nvironmental conditions because of					
- 0	(1) broad hardy leaves	0-	(2) superficial stomata					
	(3) thick cuticle		(4) presence of vessels					
	Ans: (3)							
	(0)							
96.	Which one of the following	statements is w	rong?					
,	ĕ							
	<ul><li>(1) Algae increase the level of dissolved oxygen in the immediate environment.</li><li>(2) Algin is obtained from red algae, and carrageenan from brown algae.</li></ul>							
	(3) Agar-agar is obtained from <i>Gelidium</i> and <i>Gracilaria</i> .							
	(4) Laminaria and Sargassum are used as food.							
	Ans: (2)							
	Alls. (2)							
97.	The term 'polyadelphous' is	related to						
	(1) gynoecium		(2) androecium					
	(3) corolla		(4) calyx					
	Ans: (2)							
98.	How many plants among <i>I</i>	ndigofera, Sesb	oania, Salvia, Allium, Aloe, mustard, groun	dnut,				
	radish, gram and turnip hav	ve stamens with	different lengths in their flowers?					
	(1) Three		(2) Four					
	(3) Five		(4) Six					
	Ans: (2)							
00.	Radial semmetry is found in	n the flowers of						



#### VETRI NEET CATEWAY

VEIRITEET STITEVITT	
<b>NEET PREVIOUS YEAR QUESTION - 20</b> 2	16

(3) Pisum	(4) Cassio
-----------	------------

Ans: (1)

**100.** Free-central placentation is found in

(1) Dianthus (2) Argemone

(3) Brassica (4) Citrus

Ans: (1)

101. Cortex is the region found between

(1) epidermis and stele

(2) pericycle and endodermis

(3) endodermis and pith

(4) endodermis and vascular bundle

Ans: (1)

102. The balloon-shaped structures called tyloses

(1) originate in the lumen of vessels

(2) characterize the sapwood

(3) are extensions of xylem parenchyma cells into vessels

(4) are linked to the ascent of sap through xylem vessels

Ans: (3)

**103.** A non-proteinaceous enzyme is

(2) ribozyme (1) lysozyme

(3) ligase Since (4) deoxyribonuclease

Ans: (2)

**104.** Select the mismatch.

(1) Gas vacuoles Green bacteria

(2) Large central vacuoles (3) Protists Eukaryotes

(4) Methanogens **Prokaryotes** 

Ans: (2)

**105.** Select the wrong statement.

(1) Bacterial cell wall is made up of peptidoglycan.

(2) Pili and fimbriae are mainly involved in motility of bacterial cells.

(3) Cyanobacteria lack flagellated cells.

(4) Mycoplasma is a wall-less microorganism.

Animal cells



Ans: (2)

**106.** A cell organelle containing hydrolytic enzymes is

	(1) lysosome	(2) microsome
	(3) ribosome	(4) mesosome
	Ans: (1)	
107.	During cell growth, DNA synthesis takes pl	ace in
	(1) S phase	(2) G <sub>1</sub> phase
	(3) $G_2$ phase	(4) M phase
	Ans: (1)	
108.	Which of the following biomolecules is con	nmon to respiration-mediated breakdown of fats,
	carbohydrates and proteins?	
	(1) Glucose-6-phosphate	(2) Fructose 1, 6-bisphosphate
	(3) Pyruvic acid	(4) Acetyl CoA
	Ans: (4)	2 2
109.	sap was tested chemically. Which one of the sap? (1) Acidic	ng across a plant stem by a suitable method. The e following test results indicates that it is phloem  (2) Alkaline  (4) Absence of sugar
110.	_	r differentiation in an artificial culture. Which of u add to the medium to secure shoots as well as
	(1) IAA and gibberellin	(2) Auxin and cytokinin
	(3) Auxin and abscisic acid	(4) Gibberellin and abscisic acid
	Ans: (2)	
111.	Phytochrome is a	
	(1) flavoprotein	(2) glycoprotein
	(3) lipoprotein	(4) chromoprotein
	Ans: (4)	-
112.	Which is essential for the growth of root tip	9?



-		(1)7	'n			(2) Fo		
•	(3) Ca	(-) -				(4) Mn		
	Ans: (3)	)						
113.	The pro	cess w	hich m	akes m	ajor dif	ference between C <sub>3</sub> and C <sub>4</sub> plants is		
	(1) Glyc					(2) Calvin cycle		
	(3) Pho	toresp	iration			(4) Respiration		
	Ans: (3)	)						
114.	Which o	one of	the foll	owings	stateme	ents is not correct?		
	(1) Offs	spring	produc	ced by t	he asex	rual reproduction are called clone.		
	(2) Microscopic, motile asexual reproductive structures are called zoospores.							
			, banaı system		ginger,	, the plantlets arise from the internodes present in the		
	(4) Wa	ter hya	•	growin	g in the	e standing water, drains oxygen from water that leads to		
	Ans: (3)	)				4		
					Q-			
115.	Which o	one of	the foll	owing	generat	es new genetic combinations leading to variation?		
	(1) Vege	etative	reprod	luction		(2) Parthenogenesis		
	(3) Sext	ıal rep	roduct	ion		(4) Nuce <mark>llar p</mark> olyembryony		
	Ans: (3)	)						
116.	Match (	Colum	n – I v	with Co	olumn -	- II and select the correct option using the codes given		
	below:	0 0 1 0 1 1 1		7	SUC	CESS GUARANTEED		
		umn -	- I			Column – II		
	(a) Pisti			ther		(i) Gametogenesis		
	(b) For					(ii) Pistillate		
	(c) Hyp		_					
		omyce	_			(iii) Syncarpous		
	(d) Uni	•		flower		(iv) Dikaryotic		
	Codes:							
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)			
	(1)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)			
	(2)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)			
	(3)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)			
	(4)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)			
	Ans: (4)			. /	. /			
	(1)	-						



#### 1) ogg hag a filiform apparatus

<b>—</b>	(1) 055 Has a Hilloria apparatus							
	(2) there are numerous antipodal cells							
	(3) reduction division occurs in the megaspore mother cells							
	(4) a small central cell is present in the em	bryo sac Ans: (3)						
118.	Pollination in water hyacinth and water lily	is brought about by the agency of						
	(1) water	(2) insects or wind						
	(3) birds	(4) bats						
	Ans: (2)							
119.	The ovule of an angiosperm is technically e	quivalent to						
	(1) megasporangium	(2) megasporophyll						
	(3) megaspore mother cell	(4) megaspore						
	Ans: (1)							
120.	Taylor conducted the experiments to p	prove semiconservative mode of chromosome						
	replication on	7/1						
	(1) Vinca rosea	(2) Vic <mark>ia faba</mark>						
	(3) Drosophila melanogaster	(4) E. coli						
	Ans: (2)	A STATE OF THE STA						
121.	The mechanism that causes a gene to move	from one linkage group to another is called						
	(1) inversion	(2) duplication						
	(3) translocation	(4) crossing-over						
	Ans: (3)	KANTEED						
		2011						
122.	The equivalent of a structural gene is							
	(1) muton	(2) cistron						
	(3) operon	(4) recon						
	Ans: (2)							
123.	A true breeding plant is							
	(1) one that is able to breed on its own							
	(2) produced due to cross-pollination amor	ng unrelated plants						
	(3) near homozygous and produces offspri	ng of its own kind						
	(4) always homozygous recessive in its gen	etic constitution.						
	Ans: (3)							
124.	Which of the following rRNAs acts as struct	tural RNA as well as ribozyme in bacteria?						

(1) 5 S rRNA

(2) 18 S rRNA



(9) 29 S rRNA (4) 5.8 S rRNA

125.	Stirred-tank bioreactors have been designed (1) purification of product	d for					
	(2) addition of preservatives to the product						
	_						
	(3) availability of oxygen throughout the pr						
(4) ensuring anaerobic conditions in the culture vessel							
	Ans: (3)						
126.	A foreign DNA and plasmid cut by the sam	e restriction endonuclease can be joined to form					
	a recombinant plasmid using	v					
	(1) Eco RI	(2) Taq polymerase					
	(3) polymerase III	(4) ligase					
	Ans: (4)	7.					
	Q /	m					
127.	Which of the following is not a component	of downstream processing?					
	(1) Separation	(2) Purification					
	(3) Preservation	(4) Expression					
	Ans: (4)	•					
128.	Which of the following restriction enzymes	produces blunt ends?					
	(1) Sal I	(2) Eco RV					
	(3) Xho I Since	(4) Hind III					
	Ans: (2)						
129.	Which kind of therapy was given in 1990 t	o a four-year-old girl with adenosine deaminase					
	(ADA) deficiency?						
	(1) Gene therapy	(2) Chemotherapy					
	(3) Immunotherapy	(4) Radiation therapy					
	Ans: (1)						
120	How many hot spots of hiodiversity in the	world have been identified till date by Norman					
	Myers?	world have been identified thi date by Ivorman					
	(1) 17	(2) 25					
	(3) 34	(4) 43					
	Ans: (3)	(サ/ する					
	11110. (3)						



#### **VETRI NEET GATEWAY**

#### **NEET PREVIOUS YEAR QUESTION - 2016**

31. The primary producers of the deep sea hydrothermal vent ecosystem are

(1) green algae

(2) chemosynthetic bacteria

(3) blue-green algae

(4) coral reefs

Ans: (2)

- **132.** Which of the following is correct for r-selected species?
  - (1) Large number of progeny with small size
  - (2) Large number of progeny with large size
  - (3) Small number of progeny with small size
  - (4) Small number of progeny with large size

Ans: (1)

- **133.** If '+' sign is assigned to beneficial interaction, '-' sign to detrimental and 'o' sign to neutral interaction, then the population interaction represented by '+' '-' refers to
  - (1) mutualism
  - (2) amensalism
  - (3) commensalism
  - (4) parasitism

Ans: (4)

- **134.** Which of the following is correctly matched?
  - (1) Aerenchyma

Opuntia

(2) Age pyramid

Biome

(3) Parthenium hysterophorus

Threat to biodiversity

(4) Stratification

Population

Ans: (3)

- 135. Red List contains data or information on
  - (1) all economically important plants
  - (2) plants whose products are in international trade
  - (3) threatened species
  - (4) marine vertebrates only

Ans: (3)

- **136.** Which of the following sets of diseases is caused by bacteria?
  - (1) Cholera and tetanus
  - (2) Typhoid and smallpox
  - (3) Tetanus and mumps
  - (4) Herpes and influenza

Ans: (1)

**137.** Match Column – I with Column – II for housefly classification and select the correct option using the codes given below:

	O		U					
	Col	lumn -	- I		Column – II			
	(a) Fan	nily				(i) Diptera		
	(b) Ord	ler			(ii) Arthropoda			
	(c) Clas	SS			(iii) Muscidae			
	(d) Phy	lum				(iv) Insecta		
	Codes:							
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)			
	(1)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)			
	(2)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)	REEL G.		
	(3)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	7		
	(4)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	0 111		
	Ans: (1)	)				1 /5 2		
					ш -			
•	Ol	11						

- **138.** Choose the correct statement.
  - (1) All mammals are viviparous.
  - (2) All cyclostomes do not possess jaws and paired fins.
  - (3) All reptiles have a three-chambered heart.
  - (4) All Pisces have gills covered by an operculum.

Ans: (2)

- **139.** Study the four statements (A D) given below and select the two correct ones out of them:
  - A. Definition of biological species was given by Ernst Mayr.
  - B. Photoperiod does not affect reproduction in plants.
  - C. Binomial nomenclature system was given by R.H. Whittaker.
  - D. In unicellular organisms, reproduction is synonymous with growth.

The two correct statements are

(1) B and C(3) A and D

(2) C and D

(4) A and B

Ans: (3)

- 140. In male cockroaches, sperms are stored in which part of the reproductive system?
  - (1) Seminal vesicles

(2) Mushroom glands

(3) Testes

(4) Vas deferens



Ans: (1)

- 141. Smooth muscles are
  - (1) involuntary, fusiform, non-striated
  - (2) voluntary, multinucleate, cylindrical
  - (3) involuntary, cylindrical, striated
  - (4) voluntary, spindle-shaped, uninucleate

Ans: (1)

- **142.** Oxidative phosphorylation is
  - (1) formation of ATP by transfer of phosphate group from a substrate to ADP.
  - (2) oxidation of phosphate group in ATP.
  - (3) addition of phosphate group of ATP.
  - (4) formation of ATP by energy released from electrons removed during substrate oxidation.

Ans: (4)

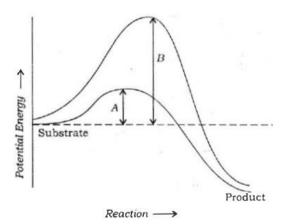
- **143.** Which of the following is the least likely to be involved in stabilizing the three-dimensional folding of most proteins?
  - (1) Hydrogen bonds

- (2) Electrostatic interaction
- (3) Hydrophobic interaction
- (4) Ester bonds

Ans: (4)

Since 2011

144. Which of the following describes the given graph correctly?



- (1) Endothermic reaction with energy A in presence of enzyme and B in absence of enzyme.
- (2) Exothermic reaction with energy A in presence of enzyme and B in absence of enzyme.



Endothermic reaction with energy A in absence of enzym

of enzyme.

(4) Exothermic reaction with energy A in absence of enzyme and B in presence of enzyme. Ans: (2)

145. When cell has stalled DNA replication fork, which checkpoint should be predominantly activated?

(1)  $G_1/S$ 

(2)  $G_2/M$ 

(3) M

(4) Both G<sub>2</sub>/M and M

Ans: (2)

146. Match the stages of meiosis in Column - I to their characteristic features in Column - II and select the correct option using the codes given below:

Column - I

Column - II

(a) Pachytene

- (i) Pairing of homologous chromosomes
- (b) Metaphase I
- (ii) Terminalization of chiasmata
- (c) Diakinesis
- (iii) Crossing-over takes place

(d) Zygotene

(iv) Chromosomes align at equatorial plate

Codes:

- (a) (b)
- (c) (d)
- (1) (iii)
- (ii)
- (2)(i)
- (i) (ii) (iii)
- (3)(ii)
- (iii) (i)

(i)

- (4) (iv)
- (ii)

Ans: (1)

- **147.** Which hormones do stimulate the production of pancreatic juice and bicarbonate?
  - (1) Angiotensin and epinephrine

(iv)

(iv)

(iv)

(iii)

- (2) Gastrin and insulin
- (3) Cholecystokinin and secretin
- (4) Insulin and glucagon

- **148.** The partial pressure of oxygen in the alveoli of the lungs is
  - (1) equal to that in the blood
  - (2) more than that in the blood
  - (3) less than that in the blood
  - (4) less than that of carbon dioxide



Ans: (2)

140	Choose	tha	correct	ctatem	ant
149.	CHOOSE	uie	correct	Statem	ent.

- (1) Nociceptors respond to changes in pressure.
- (2) Meissner's corpuscles are thermos-receptors.
- (3) Photoreceptors in the human eye are depolarized during darkness and become hyperpolarized in response to the light stimulus.
- (4) Receptors do not produce graded potentials.

Ans: (3)

150. Graves' disease is caused due to

- (1) hyposecretion of thyroid gland
- (2) hypersecretion of thyroid gland
- (3) hyposecretion of adrenal gland
- (4) hypersecretion of adrenal gland

Ans: (2)

151.	Name the ion responsible for	unmasking	of active	sites for	myosin for	cross-bridge	activity
	during muscle contraction.						

(1) Calcium

(2) Magnesium

(3) Sodium

Since (4) Potassium

Ans: (1)

**152.** Name the blood cells, whose reduction in number can cause clotting disorder, leading to excessive loss of blood from the body.

(1) Erythrocytes

(2) Leucocytes

(3) Neutrophils

(4) Thrombocytes

Ans: (4)

**153.** Name a peptide hormone which acts mainly on hepatocytes, adipocytes and enhances cellular glucose uptake and utilization.

(1) Insulin

(2) Glucagon

(3) Secretin

(4) Gastrin

Ans: (1)

**154.** Osteoporosis, an age-related disease of skeletal system, may occur due to



#### **VETRI NEET GATEWAY**

<u> </u>		REVIOUS YEAR QUESTION - 2016 sorder affecting neuro-muscular junction leading to fatigue						
	<ul><li>(2) high concentration of 0</li><li>(3) decreased level of estro</li></ul>	Ca++ and Na+						
155.	Serum differs from blood i	n						
	(1) lacking globulins	(2) lacking albumins						
	(3) lacking clotting factors Ans: (3)	(4) lacking antibodies						
156.	Lungs do not collapse between breaths and some air always remains in the lungs which can never be expelled because							
	(1) there is a negative pres							
	_	apleural pressure pulling at the lung walls						
	(3) there is a positive intra							
		s higher than the atmospheric pressure						
	Ans: (2)							
155	The posterior pituitery also	nd is not a 'true' endocrine gland because						
15%	(1) it is provided with a du							
	(2) it only stores and relea							
	(3) it is under the regulation							
	SUCCESS GUARANTEED							
	(4) it secretes enzymes Ans: (2)	Since 2011						
158.	The part of nephron involved in active reabsorption of sodium is							
	<ul><li>(1) distal convoluted tubu</li><li>(2) proximal convoluted tu</li></ul>							
	(3) Bowman's capsule	ibule						
	(4) descending limb of He	nla's loop						
	Ans: (2)	me s 100p						
159.	Which of the following is h	ormone-releasing IUD?						
	(1) LNG-20	(2) Multiload 375						
	(3) Lippes loop	(4) Cu7						
	Ans: (1)							

**160.** Which of the following is incorrect regarding vasectomy?



#### (1) No sperm occurs in seminal fluid

	3 T			•	. 1. 1	•
(2)	No	snerm	occurs	ın	epididym	115
(~)	110	operm	occurs	111	cpialayii.	u

- (3) Vasa deferentia is cut and tied
- (4) Irreversible sterility

Ans: (2)

161.	Embryo	with	more	than	16	blastomeres	formed	due to	in	vitro	fertilization	is	transferred
	into												

(1) uterus

(2) fallopian tube

(3) fimbriae

(4) cervix

Ans: (1)

- **162.** Which of the following depicts the correct pathway of transport of sperms?
  - (1) Rete testis  $\rightarrow$  Efferent ductules  $\rightarrow$  Epididymis  $\rightarrow$  Vas deferens
  - (2) Rete testis  $\rightarrow$  Epididymis  $\rightarrow$  Efferent ductules  $\rightarrow$  Vas deferens
  - (3) Rete testis  $\rightarrow$  Vas deferens  $\rightarrow$  Efferent ductules  $\rightarrow$  Epididymis
  - (4) Efferent ductules → Rete testis → Vas deferens → Epididymis

Ans: (1)

**163.** Match Column – I with Column – II and select the correct option using the codes given below:

#### Column – I

#### Column - II

(a) Mons pubis

(i) Embryo formation

(b) Antrum

(ii) Sperm

(c) Trophectoderm

(iii) Female external genitalia

(d) Nebenkern

(iv) Graafian follicle

Codes:

(a)

(iii)

(iii)

(i)

- (d)

(i)

(ii)

- (1)
- (iv)

(b)

(ii)

(c)

- (2)
- (iii) (iv)
- (i)

- (3) (4)
- (i) (iv)
- (iv) (ii) (iii)
- Ans: (2)

164. Several hormones like hCG, hPL, estrogen, progesterone are produced by

(1) ovary

(2) placenta

(3) fallopian tube

(4) pituitary



-								
165.	<b>65.</b> If a colour-blind man marries a woman who is homozygous for normal colour probability of their son being colour-blind is							
	(1) 0	(2) 0.5						
	(3) 0.75	(4) 1						
	Ans: (1)							
166.	Genetic drift operates in							
	(1) small isolated population	(2) large isolated population						
	(3) non-reproductive population	(4) slow reproductive population						
	Ans: (1)							
167.	In Hardy-Weinberg equation, the frequency	y of heterozygous individual is represented by						
	$(1) p^2$	(2) 2 pq						
	(3) pq	$(4) q^2$						
	Ans: (2)							
		2						
<b>168.</b> The chronological order of human evolution from early to the recent is								
	(1) Australopithecus $\rightarrow$ Ramapithecus $\rightarrow$ I	Homo ha <mark>bilis</mark> → Homo erectus						
	(2) Ramapithecus $\rightarrow$ Australopithecus $\rightarrow$ I	Homo ha <mark>bilis</mark> → Homo erectus						
	(3) Ramapithecus $\rightarrow$ Homo habilis $\rightarrow$ Australopithecus $\rightarrow$ Homo erectus (4) Australopithecus $\rightarrow$ Homo habilis $\rightarrow$ Ramapithecus $\rightarrow$ Homo erectus							
	Ans: (2)	2011						
<b>169.</b> Which of the following is the correct sequence of events in the origin of life?								
	I. Formation of protobionts							
	. Synthesis of organic monomers							
III. Synthesis of organic polymers								
IV. Formation of DNA-based genetic systems								
	(1) I, II, III, IV	(2) I, III, II, IV						
	(3) II, III, I, IV	(4) II, III, IV, I						
	Ans: (3)							

- 170. A molecule that can act as a genetic material must fulfil the traits given below, except
  - (1) it should be able to express itself in the form of 'Mendelian characters'
  - (2) it should be able to generate its replica
  - (3) it should be unstable structurally and chemically



it should provide the scope for slow changes that are required for evolution

Ans:	(-)
Anc.	וטו
4 XII O •	1.7

- **171.** DNA-dependent RNA polymerase catalyzes transcription on one strand of the DNA which is called the
  - (1) template strand

(2) coding strand

(3) alpha strand

(4) antistrand

Ans: (1)

- **172.** Interspecific hybridization is the mating of
  - (1) animals within same breed without having common ancestors
  - (2) two different related species
  - (3) superior males and females of different breeds
  - (4) more closely related individuals within same breed for 4-6 generations

Ans: (2)

- 173. Which of the following is correct regarding AIDS causative agent HIV?
  - (1) HIV is enveloped virus containing one molecule of single-stranded RNA and one molecule of reverse transcriptase.
  - (2) HIV is enveloped virus that contains two identical molecules of single-stranded RNA and two molecules of reversel transcriptase.
  - (3) HIV is unenveloped retrovirus.
  - (4) HIV does not escape but attacks the acquired immune response.

Ans: (2)

**174.** Among the following edible fishes, which one is a marine fish having rich source of omega-3 fatty acids?

(1) Mystus

(2) Mangur

(3) Mrigala

(4) Mackerel

Ans: (4)

**175.** Match Column – I with Column – II and select the correct option using the codes given below:

Column - I

Column - II

(a) Citric acid

(i) Trichoderma

(b) Cyclosporin A

(ii) Clostridium

(c) Statins

(iii) Aspergillus

(d) Butyric acid

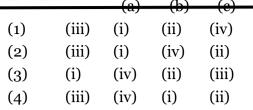
(iv) Monascus

Codes:



Ans: (2)

#### **VETRI NEET GATEWAY**NEET PREVIOUS YEAR QUESTION - 2016



- **176.** Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD) may not be a good index for pollution for water bodies receiving effluents from
  - (1) domestic sewage

(2) dairy industry

(3) petroleum industry

(4) sugar industry

Ans: (3)

- 177. The principle of competitive exclusion was stated by
  - (1) C. Darwin

(2) G.F. Gause

(3) MacArthur

(4) Verhulst and Pearl

Ans: (2)

- 178. Which of the following National Parks is home to the famous musk deer or hangul?
  - (1) Keibul Lamjao National Park, Manipur
  - (2) Bandhavgarh National Park, Madhya Pradesh
  - (3) Eaglenest Wildlife Sanctuary, Arunachal Pradesh
  - (4) Dachigam National Park, Jammu & Kashmir

Ans: (4)

- 179. A lake which is rich in organic waste may result in
  - (1) increased population of aquatic organisms due to minerals
  - (2) drying of the lake due to algal bloom
  - (3) increased population of fish due to lots of nutrients
  - (4) mortality of fish due to lack of oxygen

Ans: (4)

- 180. The highest DDT concentration in aquatic food chain shall occur in
  - (1) phytoplankton

(2) seagull

(3) crab

(4) eel



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